

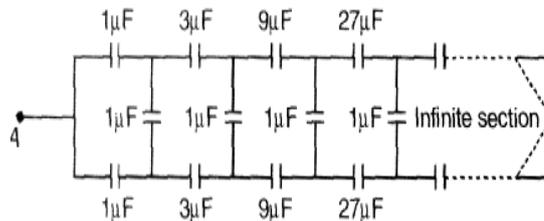
DPP – 2 (Capacitor)

Video Solution on Website :- <https://physicsaholics.com/home/courseDetails/103>

Video Solution on YouTube:- https://youtu.be/0C-wN30Uf_8

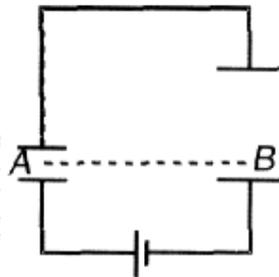
Written Solution on Website:- <https://physicsaholics.com/note/notesDetails/63>

Q 1. What is equivalent capacitance of circuit between points A and B?



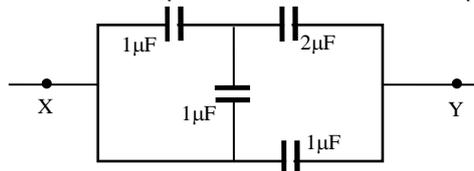
- (a) $2/3 \mu\text{F}$
- (b) $4/3 \mu\text{F}$
- (c) Infinite
- (d) $(1 + \sqrt{3}) \mu\text{F}$

Q 2. Two parallel plate capacitors with same area of cross-section but different distance between plates are connected as shown in figure.



- (a) $E_A > E_B$
- (b) $E_A = E_B$
- (c) $V_A > V_B$
- (d) $V_A < V_B$

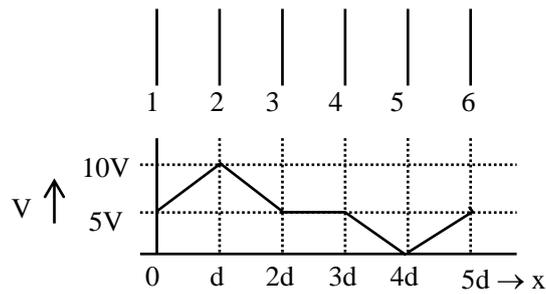
Q 3. The figure shows a circuit of four capacitors. The effective capacitance between X and Y is



- (a) $2 \mu\text{F}$
- (b) $1 \mu\text{F}$
- (c) $3 \mu\text{F}$
- (d) $1.5 \mu\text{F}$

Passage (Q.4 TO Q.6)

The V versus x plot for six identical metal plates of cross-sectioned area A is shown. The plates are placed with separation d



Q 4. Equivalent capacitance between 2 & 5 is-

- (A) $\frac{2\epsilon_0 A}{d}$ (B) $\frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d}$
 (C) $\frac{3\epsilon_0 A}{d}$ (D) $\frac{4\epsilon_0 A}{d}$

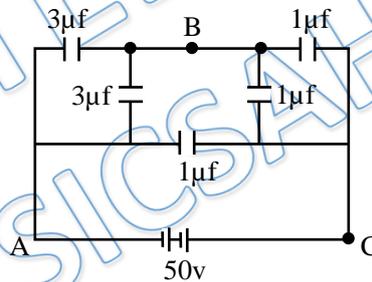
Q 5. Total charge on plate 2 is -

- (a) $\frac{10\epsilon_0 A}{d}$ (b) $\frac{5\epsilon_0 A}{3d}$
 (c) $\frac{4\epsilon_0 A}{3d}$ (d) None of these

Q 6. Ratio of charge on plate 2 to plate 5 is $|Q_2 : Q_5|$ is -

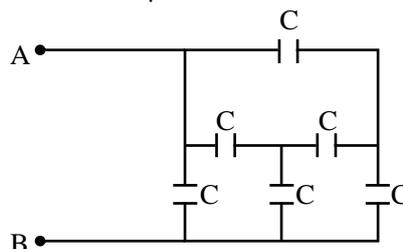
- (a) 2 : 1 (b) 3 : 1
 (c) 1 : 1 (d) None of these

Q 7. In the circuit diagram shown below :



- (a) The effective capacity between A and C is $\frac{3}{2}\mu\text{f}$
 (b) The effective capacity between A and C is $\frac{5}{2}\mu\text{f}$
 (c) The potential difference between A and B in steady state is $\frac{75}{2}$ volt
 (d) The potential difference between B and C in steady state is $\frac{75}{2}$ volt

Q 8. The equivalent capacitance between point A and B is -

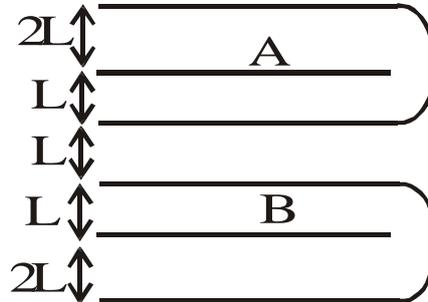


- (a) $C/4$ (b) $C/2$

(c) C

(d) 2C

- Q 9. In the arrangement shown, all plates have equal area. The amount of spacing between plates is mentioned. Find the equivalent capacitance of the system between A and B if $C = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{L}$



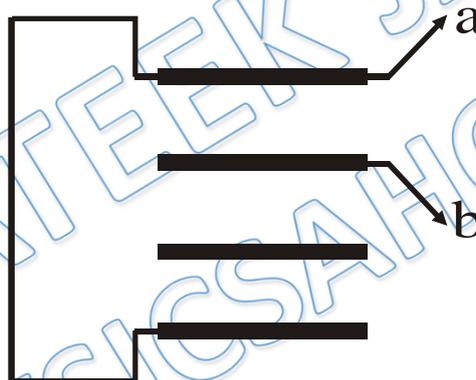
(A) $5C/7$

(B) $3C/7$

(C) $C/7$

(D) None of the above

- Q 10. Four metallic plates each with a surface area of one side A are placed at a distance d from each other. The plates are connected as shown in the circuit diagram. Then the capacitance of the system between a and b is



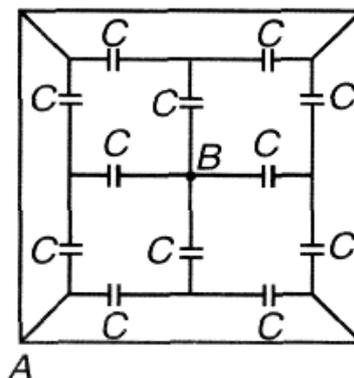
(a) $\frac{3\epsilon_0 A}{d}$

(b) $\frac{2\epsilon_0 A}{d}$

(c) $\frac{2\epsilon_0 A}{3d}$

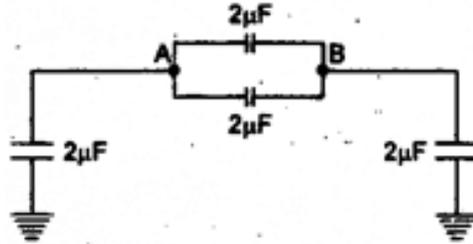
(d) $\frac{3\epsilon_0 A}{2d}$

- Q 11. Equivalent capacitance between A and B is



- (a) $4C/3$
- (b) $8C/3$
- (c) $12C$
- (d) $5C/12$

Q 12. Find equivalent capacitance between A and B



- (a) $5 \mu\text{F}$
- (b) $4 \mu\text{F}$
- (c) $3 \mu\text{F}$
- (d) $2 \mu\text{F}$

PRATEEK JAIN
PHYSICSAHOLICS

Answer Key

Q.1 b	Q.2 b, c	Q.3 a	Q.4 b	Q.5 a
Q.6 c	Q.7 b, d	Q.8 d	Q.9 b	Q.10 d
Q.11 b	Q.12 a			